

The advertising business is as much a study, a science and a profession as the practice of medicine.—White's Sayings.

# THE SALT LAKE HERALD.

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Some advertising solicitors evidently sleep comfortably, for they lie easily.—Rusty Mike's Diary.

## BAD BOYS WILL TELL THE TALE FOR HONEST VOTE

Campaign Ended and the Usual Claims Put Forth by Party Leaders.

### ELECTIONS IN 42 STATES

MAKEUP OF NEXT CONGRESS THE GREAT ISSUE.

Washington, Nov. 5.—The campaign in forty-two states for the election of the sixtieth congress passes into history to-night. Besides the congressional balloting, twenty-three states will elect governors, Arizona and New Mexico will accept or reject a joint statehood, Oklahoma and Indian Territory will adopt a state constitution and twenty states will choose legislatures, which in turn will elect United States senators.

The United States weather bureau sees fair weather for election day throughout the east, middle west and south, with moderate temperatures; rain in Minnesota and the Dakotas, and cold and snow in Wyoming, Montana and the interior of Washington and Oregon.

President Roosevelt, who yearly sets the example of good citizenship by going from Washington to Oyster Bay to cast his vote, left the White House on this pilgrimage at midnight. He will return tomorrow, and arrangements have been made as usual to keep him posted at the White House of the election returns.

#### No Passes, Few Votes.

The president's cabinet is still in the land. Most of the cabinet officers have gone strenuous work and several of them will find it convenient to be at their homes to vote tomorrow. From all parts, however, fewer voters have gone from Washington to vote than in any congressional year for a decade. This is owing largely to the fact that free transportation has been cut off and that election rates on the railroads are higher than they have been heretofore. The single exception to this rule is the case of New York voters. Considering the expense, a remarkably large number of Empire state voters resident in Washington are going home to vote.

#### No Change in Figures.

The congressional predictions by the Republican and Democratic congressional committees, with headquarters respectively in New York and Washington, remain the same as the "finals" announced a few days ago. The Republicans claim the next house by fifty; the Democrats claim it by twenty-two.

#### UNABLE TO ESTIMATE.

Denver Dope Does Not Indicate the Choice for Governor.

Denver, Colo., Nov. 5.—Party leaders are at sea as to the result of the state election tomorrow, being unable to estimate accurately the vote. Ben B. Lindsey and William D. Haycraft, respectively independent and Socialist candidates for their candidacies, odds of 2 to 1 in favor of Rev. Henry A. Buchtel, Republican candidate for governor. Over a hundred delegates to a meeting of Socialists here tonight, urged them to support their candidates loyally. The following estimates were given out tonight:

John F. Vivian, chairman Republican state central committee, said he would be about 190,000. Buchtel will poll about 22,000.

Milton Smith, chairman Democratic state committee—The total vote will be about 200,000. Alva Adams will poll about 60,000.

Ben B. Lindsey—I feel that I will get 70,000 votes.

Socialist chairman—Haywood will get at least 30,000 votes.

Both Republicans and Democrats are hopeful of obtaining control of the legislature, which will elect a senator, and of electing the three Colorado congressmen.

#### PREDICTIONS VARY.

It is possible to get a line on the result in California.

San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 5.—With the election only a few hours off, predictions as to the result in California vary as widely as at any time during the campaign. The Republican managers assert that the vote will be about 100,000. The Democrats claim that Bell will have over 8,000 plurality, while the Democrats claim an independence League declare that Langdon is sure winner. The labor union, socialist, prohibition and other parties in the field are making no statements as to their strength, but each counts on making a good showing in the returns.

The Democrats expect to elect three or four congressmen, but the Republicans claim that a solid delegation is likely to be named.

The last meetings of the opposing forces were held tonight. All were well attended and much enthusiasm was manifested, especially in this city, where the three leading candidates for governor closed their campaign interest in the election in San Francisco has been less pronounced than usual, recent developments in municipal affairs having largely absorbed public attention.

#### Indian Vote Unknown.

Guthrie, Okla., Nov. 5.—Tonight notices in change in the attitude of the Republican and Democratic leaders as to the result of the battle tomorrow for constitutional delegates. Chairman Hamon at Republican headquarters here has indications of the past two days justify the prediction of an eleven hour slump toward the party candidates. The excitement centers in the outlying districts of Indian territory, where the status of neither party is known. An effort will be made in the various chiefs to get out the full Indian vote.

#### Four in Doubt.

Milwaukee, Wis., Nov. 5.—Republicans declare that their state ticket will be successful with a plurality of 60,000 and that they will have ten of the eleven congressmen. The Democrats assert that they will win with 15,000 votes to the good and will elect four congressmen. It is safe to say that the Republicans are sure of electing six congressmen and the Democrats one, there being four districts in doubt.

#### No Change in Montana.

Helena, Mont., Nov. 5.—The campaign in Montana closed this evening with large meetings in all the important cities of the state. There have been no important changes in the situation.

#### Continued on Page 2.

## MAKES AN APPEAL FOR HONEST VOTE

Chairman Cunningham Issues Address to Salt Lake Democrats.

### SAYS VICTORY IS THEIRS

NEED OF PERSISTENT WORK TO-DAY.

To the Democrats of Salt Lake County: At the close of the campaign one vital duty is driven in upon the conscience of every patriotic citizen. This duty is to save Utah from the misery of religious warfare. It cannot be accomplished through a victory for either faction of the Republican party, because the mainspring in each faction is religious passion. The only avenue of escape is through the Democratic party.

Our opponents have conducted the most miserable campaign in the political history of the state. They have assaulted us upon one side as the servile tools of "the Smoot machine" and upon the other side as the enemies of the Mormon church. In the minds of reasonable men and women our position has never been in doubt.

The Democratic party caters to no church, no influence.

The Democratic party attacks no man's religion.

The Democratic party stands for absolute freedom of conscience.

The Democratic party stands for the absolute separation of church and state.

I desire at this time to express my high appreciation of the splendid course pursued in this campaign by The Salt Lake Herald, by all the speakers and by every member of the party. The appeal has been made by them direct to the intelligence and patriotism of the voters. There has been no appeal to the passions; there has been no abuse nor mud-slinging; there have been no tricks.

Relying upon the justice of our cause and upon the good common sense of the citizenship of Salt Lake County, I predict a splendid victory for the Democratic ticket at the polls today. Actuated by the highest motives, loyal Democrats are resisting all appeals to their passions; they are determined to win victory for the right.

In this climax of the fight, I extend greetings to the loyal party workers in every district in the county. I honor them for their steadfastness to the principle. They are made of the stuff that wins victories the world over. They will triumph here because they are right and because they are true.

As a final appeal I call upon all loyal Democrats to work today. All the work that has been done up to this hour will be lost if the Democratic vote is not registered. Rally to the polls, Democrats. Work as you never worked before, and rebuke with your votes the elements of discord in the community. Do your full duty today and complete victory will be the fruit of your efforts.

M. F. CUNNINGHAM, Chairman County Committee.

### FRENCH PARLIAMENT.

Policy to Be Followed by the Government Announced.

Paris, Nov. 5.—Parliament reassembled this afternoon. The premier, when he read the ministerial declaration, evoked several rounds of applause, especially when he announced that the law forbidding the exercise of liberty and conscience. A motion approving the government's program was carried, 336 to 96. The declaration of policy announced that with the support of the country at the last elections, the government only intended to pursue a policy of reform and that its foreign policy would remain unchanged.

The debate in the chamber which followed the declaration of policy was confined exclusively to the matter of the separation of church and state. There was a perfect volley with interpellations with the object of learning the intention of the government in the matter of the application of the law of separation. No further votes were taken.

### ROPE FOR RAWLINGS.

Supreme Court Refuses to Save Neck of Georgia Murderer.

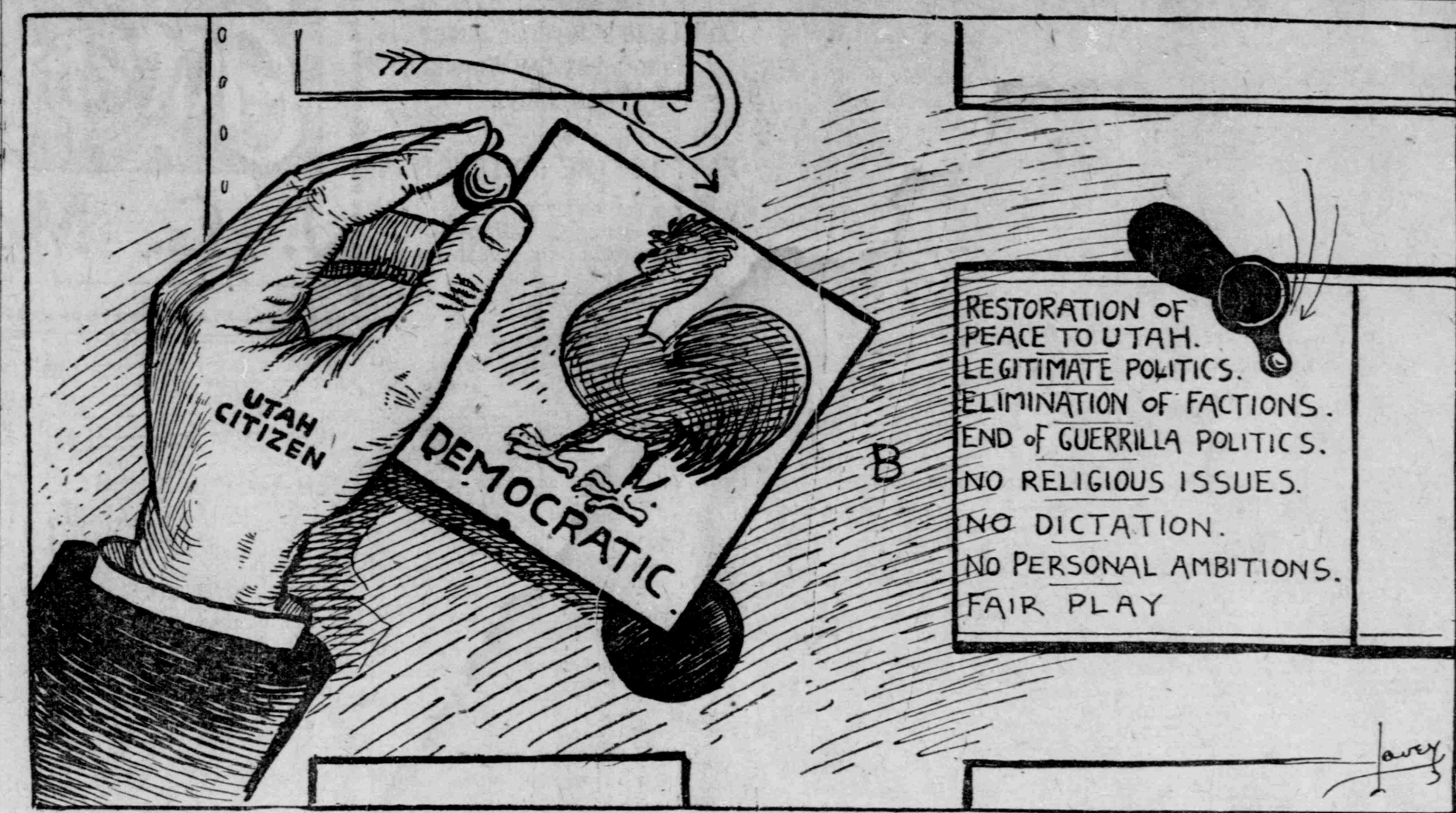
Washington, Nov. 5.—The supreme court of the United States today affirmed the decision of the Georgia supreme court in the case of John G. Rawlings, under conviction with this state on the charge of murder, the effect of the decision being to compel the execution of Rawlings unless his lawyers succeeded in finding other means of securing a stay of proceedings. Rawlings, who is a white man and a preacher, was charged with employing negroes to murder a family of neighbors. Two children were decoyed out of the home and shot, but the other members of the family saved their lives by remaining within the shelter of their home.

### CAMPAIGN CHARGES BEFORE GRAND JURY

Boston, Nov. 5.—The Suffolk county grand jury today took up the case of Wilson H. Fairbank, chairman of the Massachusetts committee to the Lewis and Clark exposition at Portland, who was recently accused of forgery and misappropriation of the state appropriation for the exposition. J. N. Perkins, secretary of the commission, whose affidavit that he was not permitted to examine the records of the board, formed the basis of the charges, was the first witness. Both John E. Moran, who had made use of the charges in his campaign, and Mr. Perkins have each been sued for slander by Mr. Fairbank.

### ALLOWED TIME TO VOTE.

Washington, Nov. 5.—Following a conference with the president today, Secretary Bonaparte announced that an order will be issued allowing employees at navy yards sufficient relief from their duties tomorrow to enable them to cast their votes.



The Only Way.

## MILITIA OUT IN WEST VIRGINIA

Democratic Policemen and Republican Deputy Sheriffs Clash at Williamson.

Charleston, W. Va., Nov. 5.—On receipt of a complaint that the Democrats of Mingo county had been terrorizing Republican voters, bundling negroes on the trains and running them out of the county Governor Dawson today ordered three companies of the national guard to be mobilized at Huntington, ready to move to the scene of the alleged trouble. Deputy United States Marshal Day and Deputy Sheriff A. A. Gault are reported to have been thrown into jail at Williamson and held refused them. United States officers left here today to investigate.

Huntington, W. Va., Nov. 5.—Companies G. H. and I of the West Virginia national guard are mobilized and under arms here awaiting orders to go to Williamson where rioting has already occurred and where serious conflicts are expected on election day. Democratic policemen of Williamson and Republican deputy sheriffs of Mingo county have clashed and while no blood has yet been shed, there is every probability that a bloody conflict will occur tomorrow. The officials and police of Williamson are also in trouble with the federal authorities, resulting from the arrest by policemen of Deputy United States Marshal Day of Walsh.

Republicans claim that his arrest was a political effect because he secured the release of a negro arrested on suspicion of an intent to vote illegally, while the Williamson officials claim that he was guilty of a statutory offense. Fifteen deputy marshals went to Williamson today in charge of Major W. H. Lyons and arrested Mayor Pinson, Chief of Police Chaffin and other officials and citizens of Williamson, charged with interference with a federal officer. Feeling on both sides in the election Tuesday is intense.

### Quieted Down.

Huntington, W. Va., Nov. 5.—Word from Williamson this evening is that the town is quiet and that no further disturbances are expected before tomorrow. The militia here are still in the armories awaiting orders to go to Williamson, but the prevailing belief now is that their presence will be unnecessary. The city officials arrested for interfering with an United States officer were released on bond late this evening. Deputy Marshal Day was also released.

### INSTRUCTED TO SHOOT.

Cleveland, O., Nov. 5.—John A. Fenton, president of the Pennington Publishing company of this city, bought a supply of revolvers to-day and gave them to his employees, with instructions to use them if they were molested by the pickets stationed about his establishment.

Fenton declares his non-union employees have been repeatedly insulted and assaulted by the pickets.

## GANG BEATEN IN KEYSTONE STATE

Indications That Pennsylvania Will Be Kept Out of Republican Clutches.

Philadelphia, Nov. 5.—Edwin C. Stuart will be elected governor of Pennsylvania tomorrow, by at least 50,000 majority," says Chairman Andrews of the Republican state committee.

"Lewis Emery, Jr., will be chosen governor of this state by the handsome majority of 100,000," says Chairman Niles of the Lincoln state committee. These views were given out tonight by the chairman of the respective parties. Aside from the above statements there is absolutely nothing upon which to base a prediction as to the final result tomorrow, with the exception of the fusion vote of 1905. Berry, the fusion candidate, carried the state in 1905 by nearly 80,000 majority, but the Republican leaders claim that the situation this fall is entirely different. The fusion slogan in that year was "lift the lid," referring to the condition of the state treasury. "The lid was lifted," said State Chairman Andrews, tonight, "and all the state monies were found intact; there is not one dollar which has not been properly used."

### Odds Favor Fusion.

The fight for congress has been unusually bitter in the country districts, and the fact that there has been fusion in some formerly Democratic districts makes the outcome in these localities very uncertain, with the odds in favor of the fusion candidates as against the regular Republicans.

The local fight for the district attorneyship is exciting almost as much interest as the gubernatorial battle. The Republican leaders claim that Tolman will carry the city by 40,000, while the fusion managers claim Gibboney's election by 30,000.

Personal registration will affect the vote here tomorrow. There has been a big falling off in some Republican strongholds and the same can be said of some of the stronger Democratic counties. In Berks, for instance, normally Democratic by from 10,000 to 15,000, not more than sixty per cent of the total vote was registered.

### CASHIER A THIEF.

Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 5.—Cashier H. C. Dubois of the Monroe county bank at Monroeville is \$2,115 short, according to a report received today by ex-State Bank Examiner Rutledge. The bank is perfectly solvent and the directors say \$20,000 has been secured against the shortage.

## TERRIFIC GALE; GREAT DAMAGE

Many Vessels Wrecked off the Coast of Nova Scotia—Loss of Life Is Unknown.

Halifax, Nov. 5.—Dispatches today have been pouring into this city bringing news of vessels wrecked or in distress, of wires prostrated and of damage done by gale and sea along the coasts of Nova Scotia, Cape Breton, New Brunswick and Prince Edward island. Four vessels were driven ashore; another, having everything movable on deck washed away, was forced to pull back to the port from which she had sailed, and the steamer Turret Bell, which went aground on the north side of Prince Edward island last week, was driven further ashore and will probably be a total wreck.

The storm was most violent in Northumberland strait. Two schooners and one bark were swept around in this strait and a third schooner was wrecked near the eastern entrance.

### Crew in Danger.

The Norwegian bark Adona tried to weather the gale off Rexton, N. B., but dragged her anchors and grounded on North reef. She sprung a leak and, according to the latest information received here, the twelve men constituting her crew were still on board and in imminent danger of being swept overboard or dying from exposure. The tremendous seas made it impossible for any vessels to go to her assistance.

Near the same place the schooner Alexander, lumber laden, went ashore. The Windsor, N. S. schooner Omega, after being partly dismantled by the storm, brought up on the rocks at Fox point, on the northern coast of Nova Scotia. Her crew of four men were rescued, almost overcome by exhaustion and exposure, soon after the vessel grounded. The Newfoundland schooner, the identity of which has not yet been learned, was wrecked last night at Campbell's cove, at the eastern end of Prince Edward island. The crew succeeded in getting ashore safely.

Numerous fishing boats on the north side of Prince Edward island were broken up during the gale last night. On land, telegraph and telephone poles and wires throughout the maritime provinces were blown down and it was not until today that communication could be restored.

### Five Sailors Drowned.

Richibucto, N. B., Nov. 5.—Five members of the Norwegian bark Adona, which struck on a reef off Richibucto bay during a heavy northeast gale last Thursday night, were drowned today while attempting to make a landing on the beach. The Adona had taken on a cargo of lumber in this harbor and had anchored off the beach to await a favorable wind to take her into the gulf of St. Lawrence on her way to Preston, England, her destination. In the storm of Thursday night the bark dragged her anchors and stranded on a long sand bar at the mouth of the harbor.

The crew of the bark attempted several

## EXPECT TO GAIN CONGRESSMEN

Democrats of Illinois Have Put Up an Exceedingly Strong Campaign.

Chicago, Nov. 5.—Although estimates of the party managers differ widely, there seems to be no reason to doubt that the Republican party will carry the state in tomorrow's election by a substantial majority. The legislative will be Republican, and the election of a Republican to succeed Senator Cullom is certain. The Democrats claim that they will gain largely in both branches of the legislature, but they do not expect to obtain enough members to choose the next senator.

The Republicans concede that Congressman Rainey, the one Democrat now representing this state at Washington, will be re-elected in the Twenty-first district, and it is also agreed that there will be a hot fight in the Eighth and Twenty-first districts. The Democrats claim that they will carry eleven other districts as well. It is probable that the returns in Chicago and Cook county will be slow tomorrow, as the ballot is the largest ever seen here, having the names of 324 candidates upon it. There are many local disputes involved in the election, and it is probable that scratching will be carried on to a large extent.

Both the Republicans and Democrats claim that they will carry Cook county, the Republicans asserting that their plurality will be about 30,000, and the Democrats putting theirs at about 20,000. The Independence league claims that it will carry the county, but there seems to be no strong foundation for this assertion.

It was late in the afternoon before the full text of the decision became known, after it had been analyzed, the feeling of uneasiness gradually subsided, for it was then realized that it did not mean a closing down of the smelters and the resultant closing of the mines. The most gratifying feature of all the decision was found in the contention of the court that he could not find for one defendant as against another, owing to the commingling of the fumes from the different smelters, because of which he was compelled to place them all in the same category. Some consolation was found in the fact that the decision did not fix a limit on the amount of ore that might be treated as long as the requirements as to the percentage of sulphur and arsenic in the ore was complied with. All so far as could be learned, were grateful for the decision, and they were all anxious to get the injunction removed when they could show that the problem of removing the deleterious substances from the ore during treatment had been solved.

### NO CAUSE FOR SUICIDE.

Sioux Falls, S. D., Nov. 5.—Cashier Vandervoort of the Lakeside bank at Lake Andes committed suicide today by shooting. His accounts are said to be straight.

### What the Smeltermen Say.

Manager R. H. Channing of the Utah Consolidated company's works, was unwilling to be quoted on the subject at all. He urged that he had not read the decision and that he would not feel at liberty to say anything about it if he had.

C. W. Whitley, manager of the American plants, is in Nevada and no one of the officers considered they had authority to talk. It was stated, however, that the company's Murray plant did not treat ores carrying a sufficient percentage of sulphur to come within the order of the court, and if it did the charges could be so regulated, by using less sulphide ore and adding more coke and coal, that the requirement could be met.

The opinion was expressed by an officer of the United States company that, with the changes that had been and were being made in the plant and the methods of treatment the requirements of the court could be met. Practically the same opinion was expressed at the Bingham Consolidated offices.

"The decision comes as a rather unexpected blow to us," said General Manager Harry L. Charles. "We have had under the entanglement of our works and over \$200,000 worth of contracts for structural and other material have already been awarded. I have here another contract that calls for over \$35,000 worth of material and, while it has been practically awarded, I have asked the contractor to wait awhile for its signing and delivery until the decision can be digested."

### Solving Fume Problem.

"For months now I have been working at the plant to overcome and check the escape of the fumes and gases, and I feel justified in saying that good headway has been made. This is being accomplished first, by settling the solid matter in the fumes in large chambers built for the purpose."

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## SMELTERS LOSE; ARE ENJOINED

Farmers Win the Consolidated Smoke Cases in the United States Court.

### PLANTS WILL NOT CLOSE

CONDITIONS ENABLE THEM TO OPERATE—WILL APPEAL.

Judge John A. Marshall, of the United States Circuit court, yesterday granted the petition of James Godfrey and 408 other complainants for an injunction against the American Smelting & Refining and other companies operating smelters in the valleys south of this city for maintaining nuisances in the discharge of poisonous fumes and gases from the various plants. In order to give the defendants ample time in which to perfect an appeal, he ordered that the injunction should not become operative for one month, or until the 5th day of December.

The injunction does not order that the smelters be closed down. It enjoins them from roasting or smelting ores that carry ten per cent or more of sulphur and arsenic and discharging the fumes into the air, with the qualifying proviso that the defendants may, at any time, apply to the court, upon due notice to the complainants, for a nullification or suspension of the injunction upon a showing that such changes have been made in treatment methods that the nuisance complained of no longer exists.

### Many Big Mines Unaffected.

Representatives of the defendant companies will meet with their attorneys today and decide upon the next step to be taken. It is stated that an appeal will be taken to the Circuit Court of Appeals and it is also certain that some of the smelters, at least, will not have to quit business in the valley when the question has been finally determined, because, whether means are devised for the perfect elimination of the deleterious fumes or not, their furnace changes can be easily regulated to come within the requirements of the court's order.

The decision falls hardest on the Utah Consolidated company, which handles practically nothing except its own ores and these carry from 30 to 35 per cent sulphur. The United States company and the Bingham Consolidated are each severely hurt by the order, while the American company is in a position to get within the demands of the court without much trouble, as the bulk of their sulphide concentrates go to its Garfield works, at the point of the mountain west of this city, a long distance removed from the area covered by the decision.

None of the operating companies which sell their product to the American company, such as the Boston Consolidated, Utah Copper, Newhouse Mines & Smelters, Columbus Consolidated and many other properties and companies will be affected by the decision, for their ores will find lodgment almost entirely at the Garfield plant.

### Uneasiness Is Relieved.

The local mining and smelting world was upset yesterday when it was learned that Judge John A. Marshall had granted the injunction against the smelters in the valley for an injunction against the continuance of what is commonly called the "smoke nuisance." The decision was felt by holders of stocks in some of the companies known to produce ores of a sulphide character, and the general mature deliberation, felt constrained to sacrifice their holdings.

It was late in the afternoon before the full text of the decision became known, after it had been analyzed, the feeling of uneasiness gradually subsided, for it was then realized that it did not mean a closing down of the smelters and the resultant closing of the mines. The most gratifying feature of all the decision was found in the contention of the court that he could not find for one defendant as against another, owing to the commingling of the fumes from the different smelters, because of which he was compelled to place them all in the same category. Some consolation was found in the fact that the decision did not fix a limit on the amount of ore that might be treated as long as the requirements as to the percentage of sulphur and arsenic in the ore was complied with. All so far as could be learned, were grateful for the decision, and they were all anxious to get the injunction removed when they could show that the problem of removing the deleterious substances from the ore during treatment had been solved.

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